

## LIST OF PLANTS EXHIBITING ANTI-VIRAL PROPERTIES

A viral infection is a proliferation of a harmful virus inside the body. Viruses cannot reproduce without the assistance of a host. Viruses are tiny germs, they are like hijackers. Viruses invade living, normal cells and use those cells to multiply & produce other viruses like themselves.

Viruses can kill, damage or change the cells and make you sick. Unlike bacterial infections that responds to antibiotic, viral infections are not so easy to treat. Many, like colds, run their course and your body heals on its own, but others don't like covid-19, Influenza, HIV, Meningitis, Pneumonia, HPV, Herpes, Rotaviruses, Chicken-pox. These viral infections need intermediate responsive action.

The COVID-19 pandemic which has affected millions of people globally and killed over 300,000 people has turned the world's attention to the immune system, the body's defence force against disease-causing bacteria, viruses and other organisms that we touch, ingest and inhale every day. It is not different from how Influenza viruses or even the Corona virus responsible for the common cold, attack the body. Therefore, the immune system has a predictable response. It is the degree to which this response is tolerated by the body that determines mortality rates.

The use of antibiotics and chemotherapy has not been encouraged due to some ill effects such as drug resistance in bacteria and causing toxic effects. Alternatively, plant products are ecofriendly, possess a beneficial effect and do not cause any problem. The beneficial effect of plant products are reducing the stress condition, serving as an appetizer, rendering antimicrobial activity as well as stimulating the immune system. Herbal preparation plays a prominent role in controlling diseases by exhibiting their antioxidant and antimicrobial activity.

This brochure presents some of the common medicinal plants exhibiting anti-viral properties. Beside these, there are various other plants with such properties.

The main advantages of herbal formulations are they serve as cheaper therapeutic agent and have a better accuracy in comparison with chemotherapeutic agents. Herbs may also be supplemented along with diets as a mixture or as an individual supplement.

**Compiled & Developed by:**

**Bio-Resources Development Centre,  
5 ½ Mile, Upper Shillong-793009, Meghalaya  
Ph. No. 0364-2561530  
Fax: 0364-2561530  
Email: brdcshillong@gmail.com**



*Acorus calamus*  
**Common Name:** Sweet flag(E), Bat bhut, Bet(K)  
**Method of use:** Extract of the roots  
**Properties:** Against Dengue virus



*Aloe vera*  
**Common Name:** Aloe(E)  
**Method of use:** Decoction of the whole plant is consumed  
**Properties:-** Inhibits Influenza A virus



*Azadirachta indica*  
**Common Name:** Neem(E), Dieng nim(K)  
**Method of use:** The leaves can be cooked or consumed as Neem water  
**Properties:-** Inhibits Dengue Virus Type-2



*Rubia cordifolia*  
**Common Name:** Indian madder  
**Method of use:** Powder of roots taken with honey/Decoction of roots  
**Properties:-** Anti-viral activity against Rotavirus



*Andrographis paniculata*  
**Common Name:** Kalmegh(H), Green Chirata(E)  
**Method of use:** Infusion, decoction or powdered form of stem, leaves and roots are used  
**Properties:-** Against HIV, HSV-1



*Punica granatum*  
**Common Name:** Pomegranate(E), Anar  
**Method of use:** Juice of fruits,  
**Properties:-** Antiviral effects on HIV



*Allium sativum*  
**Common Name:** Garlic(E), Rynsun(K)  
**Method of use:** The bulbs are eaten raw or cook with curry, fried with mustard oil  
**Properties:-** Against HPV< Influenza A&B, HIV, HSV-1



*Asparagus racemosus*  
**Common Name:** Shatavari(H), Bat niangsohpet(K), Phlang chokria(J)  
**Method of use:** The powdered or decoction of the roots are used  
**Properties:-** Anti-HIV Activity



*Acacia arabica*  
**Common Name:** Babool,  
**Method of use:** Dried stem bark decoction  
**Properties:-** Against HIV-PR, Hepatitis-C virus